Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports





December 31, 2014

GOVERNOR

Rick Scott

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Bernard "Barney" Smith, Chairman

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Stephen P. Auger

(This page is intentionally left blank)

FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION (A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014	6
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	15
Statement of Cash Flows	16
Notes to Financial Statements	18
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014	
Program Statements of Net Position	44
Program Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Program Net Position	45
Program Cash Flows	46
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended December 31, 2014	50
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended December 31, 2014	53
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	55
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Compliance for Each	
Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	55
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the Year Ended December 31, 2014	58

(This page is intentionally left blank)



Ernst & Young LLP Suite 1700 390 North Orange Avenue Orlando, FL 32801-1671 Tel: +1 407 872 6600 Fax: +1 407 872 6626 ey.com

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing), a component unit of the state of Florida, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Florida Housing's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Florida Housing as of December 31, 2014, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the supplementary



schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated June 8, 2015 on our consideration of the Florida Housing's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Florida Housing's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ernst + Young LLP

June 8, 2015

(This page is intentionally left blank)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

As management of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing), we offer readers of Florida Housing's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of Florida Housing's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2014. This overview and analysis is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As a result of operations in 2014, net position increased \$23.6 million to \$2.1 billion as of December 31, 2014. This change consists of increases in Operating (\$19.8 million), a net increase in the Single Family programs (\$39.8 million), with offsetting decreases in the Guarantee Program (\$8.5 million), and State and Federal programs (\$27.5 million).
- Notes and bonds outstanding, net decreased by \$360.9 million to \$2.6 billion in 2014. The overall decrease is comprised of decreases in single family bonds (\$182.9 million) and multifamily bonds (\$178.0 million).
- Loans receivable, net decreased by \$178.3 million to \$2.5 billion in 2014. The change consists of decreases in the Operating Fund (\$3.4 million), the Multifamily Housing Revenue bond programs (\$178.2 million), the single family bond programs (\$11.9 million), with an offsetting increase in State and Federal programs (\$15.2 million).
- The change in net position for all programs and funds decreased \$118.8 million from \$142.4 million in 2013 to \$23.6 million in 2014. This change consists of decreases in the State and Federal programs (\$215.6 million), and the Guarantee Program (\$11.3 million), with offsetting increases in the Single Family programs (\$96.5 million) and the Operating Fund (\$11.6 million).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. Florida Housing is a component unit of the state of Florida and follows enterprise fund reporting. Therefore, the financial statements are presented in a manner similar to that of a private business, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The financial statements report information for all of Florida Housing's programs and operations. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of Florida Housing's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is presented as net position, and is displayed in two components: restricted net position and unrestricted net position. Included in the Statement of Net Position are notes and bonds issued by Florida Housing as conduit debt and, as such, both principal and interest are payable solely from the assets and income of the various programs which are pledged under the bond resolutions authorizing the specific issues. These issues do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of Florida Housing, the state of Florida, or of any local government therein. Neither the faith, credit and revenues nor the taxing power of the state of Florida or any local government therein may be pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the obligations. Net position is restricted when external constraints are placed upon its use, such as trust indentures, legal agreements or statutes. Conduit debt and related assets reported on the Statement of Net Position include \$3.2 billion in assets and \$2.6 billion in conduit debt of net notes and bonds payable as of December 31, 2014.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position identifies all of Florida Housing's revenues and expenses for the reporting period, distinguishing between operating and nonoperating activities. This statement measures Florida Housing's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether Florida Housing has recovered all of its costs through lending activities, externally funded programs and other revenue sources.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* provides information about Florida Housing's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash transactions, including receipts, payments and net changes resulting from operations, noncapital financing, capital financing, and investing activities. This statement provides information regarding the sources and uses of cash and the change in cash during the reporting period.

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential for understanding financial data that may not be displayed on the face of the financial statements and, as such, are an integral part of Florida Housing's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FLORIDA HOUSING

Statements of Net Position

The following table summarizes the assets, liabilities, and net position (in millions) as of December 31:

	2014	2013
Current assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 1,192.5	\$ 1,171.4
Investments, net	1,628.9	1,747.5
Loans receivable, net Other assets, net	2,257.5 0.2	2,480.4 0.1
Total assets	\$ 5,079.1	\$ 5,399.4
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 462.8	\$ 448.9
Notes payable, net	14.7	15.7
Bonds payable, net	2,226.2	2,620.2
Unearned fee income, net	91.0	83.2
Due to developers	189.8	159.0
Other liabilities	1.6	<u>3.0</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 2,986.1	\$ 3,330.0
Net position		
Restricted	\$ 1,943.1	\$ 1,939.2
Unrestricted	149.9	130.2
Total net position	\$ 2,093.0	\$ 2,069.4

Florida Housing's net position increased by \$23.6 million, or 1.1%, from the December 31, 2013 balance. This is primarily due to the increase in unrealized gains (\$27.6 million), which are included in investment income.

Total loans receivable, net (current and noncurrent) decreased \$178.3 million in 2014. The largest component of this change was a decrease in mortgage loans outstanding in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue bond program. Loans receivable in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue bond program decreased by \$178.2 million, to \$1.2 billion, primarily due to properties refinancing out of the Florida Housing bond portfolio.

Notes and bonds payable, net (current and noncurrent) decreased \$360.9 million, to \$2.6 billion, in 2014. Single family bonds outstanding, including those issued under the federal New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), showed a net decrease of \$182.9 million comprised of principal payments on bonds. The \$178.0 million net decrease in multifamily notes and bonds outstanding is comprised of a decrease due to principal payments on notes and bonds (\$257.3 million), offset by note and bond issuances (\$79.3 million). Included in the total payments of \$257.3 million for multifamily notes and bonds are early retirements of \$228.3 million.

Net position of the bond programs, State and Federal programs and a portion of the Operating Fund are classified as restricted because the uses of the funds are directed by trust indentures, state statute or federal regulations.

Florida Housing has designated all the unrestricted net position in the Operating Fund, \$150.0 million, for support of the single family program, future operating and capital expenditures, including the funding of compliance monitoring for housing credit developments in the early history of Florida Housing from which partial or no monitoring fees were collected, demonstration loans and associated costs, and support of all other programs including the Guarantee Program.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position (in millions) for the years ended December 31:

	2014	2013	
Operating revenues			
Interest on loans	\$ 69.6	\$ 85.7	
Investment income	113.8	8.0	
Federal program administrative fees	16.0	15.7	
Other income	15.9	22.7	
Total operating revenues	215.3	132.1	
Operating expenses			
Interest expense	89.3	119.3	
Payments to other governments	65.9	45.8	
Provision for uncollectible loans	6.2	13.8	
General and administrative	44.5	41.4	
Total operating expenses	205.9	220.3	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Federal and state program revenue	254.3	306.2	
Federal and state program expenses	(264.2)	(165.3)	
State documentary stamp tax revenue	209.0 [´]	`195.7 [´]	
Transfers to state agencies	(184.9)	(106.0)	
Net nonoperating revenues	14.2	230.6	
Change in net position	\$ 23.6	\$ 142.4	

Investment income increased \$105.8 million in 2014. The overall increase was comprised of an increase in investment income for the single family programs (\$90.5 million), the Guarantee Program (\$5.5 million), the multifamily bond program (\$4.0 million), State and Federal programs (\$3.5 million), and the Operating Fund (\$2.3 million). Unrealized gain on investments in 2014 was \$27.6 million, compared to a \$75.2 million unrealized loss recorded in 2013. Actual income earned from investments increased \$2.9 million from 2013, a result of an increase in interest rates.

Total operating expenses decreased \$14.4 million, to \$205.9 million in 2014. Components of the decrease include decreases in interest expense (\$30.0 million) and provision for uncollectible loans (\$7.6 million), offset by increases in the payment of State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) funds to local governments (\$20.1 million) and general and administrative expenses (\$3.1 million). The decrease in bond interest expense is due to the timing of bond issuances and redemptions throughout 2014.

Net nonoperating revenues decreased \$216.4 million, to \$14.2 million in 2014. The decrease is the result of the one-time receipt of funds in 2013 from the State of Florida from the National

Mortgage Settlement, an increase in required transfers to the state, an increase in federal and state program expenses, and an offsetting increase in documentary stamp tax revenue.

For the Multifamily and Single Family bond programs, investment income (\$106.0 million) is the primary component of total revenues. Bond interest expense (\$89.4 million) is the largest expense item.

Florida Housing's revenues in the Operating Fund were primarily generated from issuer fees (\$8.1 million) and administrative fees for federal programs (\$8.0 million). General and administrative expenses (\$21.7 million), which include operating expenses and program administration (credit underwriting, servicing, and monitoring), comprise the bulk of expenses in the Operating Fund.

Receipt of documentary stamp taxes in the housing trust funds (\$208.9 million) and revenue from federal and state programs (\$254.3 million) make up the majority of the revenues in the State and Federal programs. Federal and state program expenses (\$264.2 million) and transfers to state agencies (\$184.9 million) are the largest components of expenses. The increases in federal and state program expenses (\$98.9 million) and transfers to state agencies (\$78.9 million) are primarily responsible for the decrease in the change in net position in the State and Federal programs.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, Florida Housing had total notes and bonds outstanding of \$2.6 billion, net of unamortized premium. This represents a net decrease of \$360.9 million during 2014, resulting from principal payments and refunding on notes and bonds (\$511.3 million), offset by the issuance of bonds and premiums (\$150.4 million). All bonds issued in the First Time Homebuyer Program are backed by Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) securities and have maintained AAA or AA ratings. More detailed information about Florida Housing's debt is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Florida "finished the 2014 calendar year with 4.6% growth over the prior year – above the national growth rate of 3.9% and ranking 11th among all states." The latest revised results for 2013 show that Florida ranked 13th in the country with personal income growth of 2.3%, which is higher than the national average of 2.0%. "Population growth is the state's primary engine of growth, fueling both employment and income growth. Florida's population growth will be approximately double that of the national level with most of the growth through 2030 occurring from net migration. Florida is "on track to break the 20 million mark prior to April 1, 2016" and become the third most populous state in the nation. Building permit activity, an indicator of new construction, is back in positive territory. Permits have increased year over year since 2012, at a slowing but still positive rate. Calendar year-to-date activity through February 2015 is running above last year for the same period; single family data is also higher (+7.18 percent) than last year's data at the same point in time. In 2014-15, projected General Revenue collections are expected to surpass the prior peak in 2005-06. Documentary stamp tax collections for 2014-15 are "running 10.7 percent above the same period in FY 2013-14". These improvements are cited in the March 30, 2015 "Florida: An Economic Overview" published by the Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research. With respect to single family housing, this latest report includes the following:

- Existing home sales volume in 2014 exceeded its 2005 peak by a little over 2%; 2015 is set to do the same with an estimated increase of slightly less than 5%;
- Existing home price gains are flattening;
- Foreclosures are still a Florida issue with the third highest rate of all the states; and the third longest period in the nation;
- In 2015, the first wave of homeowners affected by foreclosures and short sales are past the seven-year window generally needed to repair credit.

Florida Housing's activities encompass various federal and state initiatives designed to help improve the residential real estate market. Florida Housing continues to administer the most significant of these programs, the \$1 billion U.S. Treasury Housing Finance Agency Innovation Fund for the Hardest-Hit Housing Markets (Hardest Hit Fund). This program is scheduled to conclude in 2017.

The portfolio of the Affordable Housing Guarantee Program experienced a continued reduction in risk exposure due to refinancings of guaranteed transactions. The leveraging ratio of the program was 1.05:1 at December 31, 2014, well within the Board established maximum ratio of 5:1.

The Board-approved 2014 operating budget of \$15.8 million, exclusive of direct Hardest Hit Fund expenses, which are fully funded by that program, was adequate to fund operations. Actual operating expenses of \$15.0 million were 4.8% less than the total approved budget.

The initial tax-exempt bond allocation for 2015 is \$473.0 million, an increase of \$8.6 million from the 2014 initial allocation. The per capita allocation remained \$100 for 2015; Florida's increased population accounted for the larger 2015 allocation.

Please contact Barbara E. Goltz, Chief Financial Officer, at (850) 488-4197 with your comments, questions or requests for additional information.

* * * * * *

(This page is intentionally left blank)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 293,747,853
Investments, net	647,861,467
Interest receivable on investments	6,539,973
Interest receivable on loans	8,536,595
Loans receivable, net	205,175,366
Documentary stamp taxes receivable	27,935,424
Property held for sale	642,660
Other assets	 2,056,641
Total current assets	1,192,495,979
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Investments, net	1,628,877,477
Loans receivable, net	2,257,587,339
Other assets, net	160,595
Total noncurrent assets	 3,886,625,411
TOTAL ASSETS	 5,079,121,390
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other liabilities	102,295,219
Accrued interest payable	31,537,304
Notes payable, net	167,820
Bonds payable, net	326,018,715
Unearned fee income, net	2,817,392
Total current liabilities	 462,836,450
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Notes payable, net	14,734,315
Bonds payable, net	2,226,155,117
Unearned fee income, net	90,996,550
Due to developers	189,850,969
Other liabilities	1,589,143
Total noncurrent liabilities	 2,523,326,094
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,986,162,544
NET POSITION	
Restricted	1,943,094,713
Unrestricted	 149,864,133
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,092,958,846

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Interest on loans\$69,547,553Investment income113,800,086Federal program administrative fees16,038,981Recovery of claims1,512Other income15,902,500Total operating revenues215,290,632OPERATING EXPENSESInterest expense89,368,881Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)264,173,949)Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182Met of year2,069,410,664End of year2,029,358,846	OPERATING REVENUES	
Federal program administrative fees16,038,981Recovery of claims1,512Other income15,902,500Total operating revenues215,290,632OPERATING EXPENSESInterest expense89,368,881Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION20,9410,664	Interest on loans	\$ 69,547,553
Recovery of claims1,512Other income15,902,500Total operating revenues215,290,632OPERATING EXPENSESInterest expense89,368,881Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182	Investment income	113,800,086
Other income15,902,500Total operating revenues215,290,632OPERATING EXPENSESInterest expense89,368,881Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)2Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program revenue268,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Federal program administrative fees	16,038,981
Total operating revenues215,290,632OPERATING EXPENSESInterest expense89,368,881Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,648,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Recovery of claims	1,512
OPERATING EXPENSESInterest expense89,368,881Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Other income	 15,902,500
Interest expense89,368,881Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)2Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program revenue2254,335,442Federal and state program revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Total operating revenues	215,290,632
Payments to other governments65,886,364Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION20,069,410,664	OPERATING EXPENSES	
Provision for uncollectible loans6,232,856General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Interest expense	89,368,881
General and administrative44,487,135Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9,315,396Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Payments to other governments	65,886,364
Total operating expenses205,975,236OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)9Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,069,410,664	Provision for uncollectible loans	6,232,856
OPERATING INCOME9,315,396NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)254,335,442Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,069,410,664	General and administrative	 44,487,135
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Total operating expenses	 205,975,236
Federal and state program revenue254,335,442Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITIONDISTION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	OPERATING INCOME	9,315,396
Federal and state program expense(264,173,949)State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITIONDISTION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
State documentary stamp tax revenue208,944,518Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITIONNET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION2,069,410,664	Federal and state program revenue	254,335,442
Transfers to state agencies(184,873,225)Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION23,069,410,664Beginning of year2,069,410,664	Federal and state program expense	(264,173,949)
Net nonoperating revenues14,232,786CHANGE IN NET POSITION23,548,182NET POSITION8Beginning of year2,069,410,664	State documentary stamp tax revenue	208,944,518
CHANGE IN NET POSITION 23,548,182 NET POSITION 2,069,410,664	Transfers to state agencies	 (184,873,225)
NET POSITION Beginning of year 2,069,410,664	Net nonoperating revenues	 14,232,786
Beginning of year 2,069,410,664	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	23,548,182
	NET POSITION	
End of year \$ 2,092,958,846	Beginning of year	 2,069,410,664
	End of year	\$ 2,092,958,846

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Interest received on conduit debt fund investments Cash received from interest on loans receivable Cash received from principal payments on loans receivable Cash received for federal program administrative fees Cash received from other revenues Cash payments for issuance of loans and federal programs Interest paid on conduit debt fund bonds Cash payments for operating expenses Payments to other governments Net cash received from operation of foreclosed properties	\$ 76,136,334 68,066,770 291,291,216 17,721,486 23,756,244 (349,068,573) (100,131,194) (48,262,610) (65,886,364) 754
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 (86,375,937)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issuance of notes Proceeds from issuance of bonds Principal payments on notes Principal payments on bonds Payments on collateralized bank loan Cash received for federal and state programs State documentary stamp tax receipts Transfers to state agencies NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 1,996,141 149,335,752 (2,908,544) (505,937,145) (8,810,000) 254,335,442 204,532,846 (184,873,225) (92,328,733)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of investments Proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments Interest received on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	 (1,726,109,859) 1,782,182,923 7,144,975 63,218,039 (115,486,631)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year	\$ 409,234,484 293,747,853

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income	\$ 9,315,396
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by operating activities	
Unrealized gains on investments	(27,643,067)
Provision for loan losses	6,232,856
Amortization and depreciation	(11,336,082)
Interest received on investments	(7,144,975)
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash	
Interest receivable on investments	473,796
Interest receivable on loans	3,770,857
Loans receivable	(93,438,031)
Other assets	1,515,963
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(3,904,933)
Accrued interest payable	(7,359,314)
Unearned fee income	12,275,797
Due to developers	 30,865,800
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (86,375,937)

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing) was created by Chapter 420, Part V, Florida Statutes as a public corporation. On January 1, 1998, Florida Housing assumed all the rights, responsibilities, and obligations of its predecessor, the Florida Housing Finance Agency (the Agency).

In 1980, the Agency, a public body corporate and politic with no taxing power, was established as a state agency within the Florida Department of Community Affairs by the Florida Housing Finance Agency Act (the Act). The Agency was created to finance housing for low, moderate, and middle income persons. Under the Act, the Agency was authorized to borrow money through the issuance of bonds, notes, or other obligations to finance multifamily housing developments and single family residential housing. The 2011 Legislature eliminated the Department of Community Affairs; Florida Housing is now administratively associated with the Department of Economic Opportunity.

Florida Housing is a discretely presented component unit of the state of Florida for financial reporting purposes. The accompanying component unit financial statements present the net position, changes in net position, and cash flows of the proprietary fund, which includes all programs administered by Florida Housing.

In July 2008, Florida Housing formed FHFC II, Inc. and in July 2009 added FHFC III, Inc. Both are wholly-owned subsidiaries established for the charitable, non-profit purpose of taking title to, managing and disposing of property acquired by Florida Housing from time to time through any of Florida Housing's programs.

Florida Housing has determined that, except for the blended activity of FHFC II and FHFC III, there are no other entities that meet the criteria for inclusion in Florida Housing's financial statements.

Notes and bonds issued by Florida Housing are conduit debt and are payable, both as to principal and interest, solely from the assets and income of the various programs which are pledged under the resolutions authorizing the particular issues. These issues do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of Florida Housing, the state of Florida, or of any local government therein. Neither the faith, credit and revenues, nor the taxing power of the state of Florida or any local government therein shall be pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the obligations. Conduit debt outstanding, net of unamortized premium, was \$2.6 billion as of December 31, 2014.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Florida Housing's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applied to governmental units engaged in business-type activities. The significant accounting policies of Florida Housing are described below.

Basis of Presentation – Florida Housing accounts for its activities through the use of an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Florida Housing's accounting records are organized using subfunds to account separately in the general ledger for the bond programs, Guarantee Program, certain state and federally funded programs, subsidiary corporations and the operations of Florida Housing. The operations of each subfund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with related liabilities, net position, revenues, expenses, and transfers.

Basis of Accounting – Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Financial Statement Presentation – Florida Housing distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with Florida Housing's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of Florida Housing are interest income on loans, investment income, federal program administrative fees and recovery of claims. Operating expenses include interest expense, provision for uncollectible loans and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Florida Housing considers all uninvested amounts to be cash and all investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments – Investments are stated at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices, if available, or recognized pricing sources. Fair value of Florida Housing's investment in the state investment pool is determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio. Florida Housing's guaranteed investment contracts are considered non-participating and are therefore recorded at cost.

Loans Receivable – Loans receivable are carried at their uncollected principal balances. Servicing of most loans is provided by various servicing organizations on behalf of Florida Housing. Servicing costs on single family bond loans are recorded as a reduction of interest income. Such costs range from 0.24% to 0.32% annually of the unpaid principal balance of the loans.

Allowances – The determination of the allowance for loan losses is based on an evaluation of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions, and other factors relevant to a determination of the collectability of the loans and reflects an amount which, in management's judgment, is adequate to provide for potential losses. Adjustments to the allowance for loan losses are made by provisions charged to current operations. Allowances for forgiveness are recorded for the full outstanding balances of forgivable loans. Adjustments to the allowance for the allowance for forgiveness are made by provisions charged to non-operating expenses.

Property Held for Sale – Property held for sale arises from foreclosures on properties pledged as collateral on mortgage loans. The property is recorded at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated selling costs at the date of foreclosure and is adjusted, if necessary, at year end.

Compensated Absences – Employees earn the right to be compensated during absences for annual and sick leave. Within the limits of Florida Housing's policy, unused annual leave benefits will be paid to all eligible employees upon separation of service. Also, within the limits of Florida Housing's policy, eligible executive staff members are paid for unused sick leave benefits upon separation. The cost of annual and sick leave benefits are accrued in the period they are earned. The compensated absences amounts are based on current salary rates and are included in accounts payable and other liabilities.

Bond Discounts / Premiums – Discounts and premiums on bonds payable are amortized over the life of the related issue using the effective interest method.

Interest Income – Interest on mortgage loans and investments is recorded as income when earned. Interest income is recorded net of fees.

Claims Expense and Recoveries – Claims expense is recorded in the Guarantee Program when payment is made on the associated bonds. If the claim is made under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Risk Sharing Program, the expense is only the Guarantee Program's portion as the claim is shared equally with HUD. Recoveries are recorded at the time of foreclosure, when title to the property passes to Florida Housing and are adjusted upon sale of the property and final settlement with HUD. Activity from the operation of the foreclosed property is included in operating revenues and expenses in the subsidiary holding title to the property.

Related Party Transactions – Board members are prohibited from participation in Florida Housing's programs during and for two years following their board terms.

3. DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAMS

Operating – Florida Housing's Operating Fund, which includes the operating subfund and the bond management subfund, collects program fees from the various bond issues, fees for awarding housing credits, and administrative fees associated with federal and state housing programs. Expenses are those incurred in operating Florida Housing and the administration of its various programs.

Subsidiary Corporations – Both FHFC II and FHFC III were created to take title to, manage, and dispose of property acquired by Florida Housing through its various programs. These funds are not restricted; however, the proceeds from the operation and sale of properties within these entities generally flow back to the program through which the property was acquired.

The various bond programs of Florida Housing are as follows:

Single Family Home Ownership Program – The Single Family Home Ownership Program includes private placements made to Fannie Mae and the GNMA Collateralized Home Ownership Mortgage Revenue Program. The bond proceeds were committed by Florida Housing to purchase mortgage backed securities to the extent mortgage loans were originated by participating lenders under this program. The mortgage loans provided single family residences for persons of low to middle income within the state of Florida.

First Time Homebuyer Program – Florida Housing funds loans originated under this program through financing options including revenue bond issuance proceeds and the sale of mortgage backed securities in the secondary market. The loans in this program are 30-year, fixed rate mortgage loans originated by private lenders. Under the current program, all loans originated are securitized into mortgage backed securities. Eligible borrowers must meet certain criteria, such as the first time homebuyer requirement, credit worthiness and an income level not to exceed program limits. Bonds are issued from two separate indentures for this program.

Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds – This bond indenture began in 1995 and continues to add issues as needed to ensure the continued availability of funds for the First Time Homebuyer Program. Certain bond issues have been refunded with subsequent bond issues under the indenture.

Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Special Program) – These bonds were issued under the federal New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) implemented in 2009 by the U.S. Treasury and HUD as a short term response to the credit and liquidity crises that made tax exempt bonds difficult to use for affordable housing programs. The NIBP lowered the debt service costs on tax exempt bonds by providing for the federal purchase of 60 percent of the issue. The remaining 40 percent was sold at market rates. Florida Housing issued a total of \$547.2 million of single family bonds under this program. The authority to issue new NIBP bonds terminated on December 31, 2012.

Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs – Due to the similarity of program operations, the multifamily bond programs are presented as one program.

Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program – The Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program issues Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds to finance the construction or acquisition of multifamily housing developments located in the state of Florida and intended for occupancy in part by persons of low, moderate, or middle income. Certain bond issues have been refunded with subsequent bond issues under the program.

Multifamily New Issue Bond Program – Florida Housing was awarded \$248.5 million in authority for multifamily bonds under the New Issue Bond Program (NIBP). As with the Single Family NIBP described above, the program provided for a lower cost of borrowing through the federal purchase of tax exempt bonds at below market rates. Under the multifamily NIBP, 100% of the bonds were purchased by the federal government. Florida Housing issued \$202.0 million of multifamily bonds under this program. The authority to issue new NIBP bonds terminated on December 31, 2012.

Florida Housing administers the following programs and initiatives funded at the federal and state levels to provide affordable housing to Florida's low and moderate income families:

State Housing Trust Fund Programs – The State Housing Trust Fund was created to provide a stable source of funding for affordable housing in Florida. Through an increased documentary stamp tax implemented in 1992, the trust fund provides the opportunity for funding for homeownership and rental housing through Florida Housing's programs. Funds from the State Housing Trust Fund may also be used as match for federal programs and to support the Guarantee Program. In recent years, a portion of the funds in the State Housing Trust Fund were transferred to the state's general revenue fund as directed by the Legislature.

Florida Homeownership Assistance Program – The Florida Homeownership Assistance Program (HAP) was created, as part of the State Housing Incentive Partnership Act of 1988, for the purpose of providing assistance for down-payments and closing costs for low-income and moderate-income persons purchasing a home.

The Florida Assist Program provides HAP funds to eligible homebuyers for down payments and closing costs. These non-interest bearing, nonamortizing second mortgage loans are used with the First Time Homebuyer Program.

The Homeownership Pool (HOP) Program was created to match qualified homebuyers with purchase assistance. The HOP Program is an ongoing, noncompetitive program that allows developers to reserve funds for eligible homebuyers to provide non-interest bearing, nonamortizing deferred second mortgage loans on a first come, first served basis. Currently, this program funds self-help developers only.

State Apartment Incentive Loan Program – The State Apartment Incentive Loan (SAIL) Program provides low-interest loans on a competitive basis to developers of affordable rental housing. SAIL funds are available to developers, including individuals, public entities, and nonprofit or for-profit organizations to provide gap financing for the construction or substantial rehabilitation of multifamily units. Special consideration is given to properties that target demographic groups such as the elderly, homeless people, special needs individuals, farmworkers, and commercial fishing workers.

A portion of the SAIL Program funding is set aside for the Elderly Housing Community Loan (EHCL) Program. Up to \$750,000 per loan is available to make life-safety, health, sanitation, or security related improvements to existing affordable elderly housing.

Predevelopment Loan Program – The Predevelopment Loan Program (PLP) assists nonprofit and community-based organizations, local governments, and public housing authorities with planning, financing, and developing affordable housing. Eligible organizations may apply for a loan of up to \$750,000 for predevelopment activities such as rezoning, title searches, legal fees, impact fees, administrative costs, soil tests, engineering fees, appraisals, feasibility analyses, audit fees, earnest money deposits, insurance fees, commitment fees, administrative costs, marketing expenses, and acquisition expenses. Technical assistance is also provided.

State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program – The State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program was created in 1992 as part of the William E. Sadowski Affordable Housing Act. This program provides funds to all 67 counties and 52 entitlement cities on a populationbased formula as an incentive to produce and preserve affordable housing for very low, low and moderate income families. The minimum allocation per county is \$350,000 and at least 65% of funds must be used for homeownership. Under their Local Government Housing Assistance Plans, counties and eligible cities may fund such strategies as emergency repairs, new construction, rehabilitation, down payment and closing cost assistance, impact fees, property acquisition, matching dollars for federal programs and homeownership counseling. Annual appropriation language may more specifically direct program uses.

Affordable Housing Guarantee Program – The Guarantee Program was created to encourage affordable housing lending activities through the issuance of guarantees on obligations incurred in obtaining financing for affordable housing. The program does not directly provide funds for developments; rather it facilitates such efforts by reducing lender risk through the issuance of guarantees on mortgage loans. The program issued commitments to guarantee obligations for both single family homes and multifamily developments. In March 2009, the Board of Directors suspended issuance of additional guarantees by the Guarantee Program. The suspension remains in effect today. Documentary stamp taxes distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund may be used to support the Guarantee Program if payment obligations from amounts on deposit in the Guarantee Program would cause a downgrade in the Program's claims paying rating, or to support the Program's capitalizing debt, if any.

The Guarantee Program's potential loss is limited to the amount of its outstanding guarantees. In order to mitigate risk inherent in the program's portfolio of guarantees, the Guarantee Program participates in the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Risk Sharing Program. On November 9, 1994, Florida Housing and HUD entered into a Risk Sharing Agreement providing for HUD's assumption, or endorsement, of 50% of the Guarantee Program's post-construction obligation on specific multifamily developments financed by Florida Housing or local housing finance authority bonds. As of December 31, 2014, total participation under the Risk Sharing Program consisted of 17 guarantees totaling \$82.2 million.

As required by the HUD Risk Sharing Program, and in accordance with Section 24 CFR 266.110(b), a percentage of funds on deposit in the Guarantee Program is segregated from the corpus in a dedicated account, the HUD Dedicated Risk Account, as a reserve to offset future potential claims in connection with guarantees issued under the HUD Risk Sharing Program. As of December 31, 2014, the balance of the HUD Dedicated Risk Account was \$2.6 million.

As of December 31, 2014, outstanding risk totaled \$158.9 million, including \$82.2 million under the HUD Risk Sharing Program.

HOME Investment Partnerships Program – The HOME Investment Partnerships Program was established pursuant to HUD Regulations, 24 CFR Part 92 (1992). HOME funds are available to eligible housing providers and individuals in the form of loans, interest subsidies, and other forms of investment approved by Florida Housing.

Other programs administered by Florida Housing:

Housing Credit Program – The Housing Credit Program provides qualified developers of rental property a federal income tax credit for providing low income rental housing. The U.S. Treasury has authorized Florida Housing to allocate the tax credits within the state of Florida. At least 10% of the total annual allocation must be awarded to nonprofit organizations. The program was permanently extended by Congress in 1993. For the year 2014, Florida Housing allocated \$45.6 million in housing credits, including returned credits.

In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) created Cash Assistance to States for Low Income Housing Projects in Lieu of Low Income Housing Tax Credits for 2009, also referred to as the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP), to be administered by the U.S. Treasury. Under this program, housing credit allocating agencies "exchanged" a portion of their 2009 Housing Credit allocation, as well as previously awarded and returned Housing Credits, for cash grants that were used to replace the Housing Credit equity lost to affordable rental developments as a result of adverse market conditions. Florida Housing exchanged \$68.2 million credits for \$580.1 million in TCEP funds which was used to fund disbursements to properties in the program.

Florida Housing also disbursed \$101.1 million through another ARRA program, the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP). This federal stimulus funding was directed to rental developments that had already received a Housing Credit allocation but required additional funding due to limited equity available in the housing credit market.

Hardest Hit Fund - In February 2010, the federal government announced the Housing Finance Agency Innovation Fund for the Hardest-Hit Housing Markets (Hardest Hit Fund), a new program for the five states hit hardest by foreclosures, housing price declines and unemployment. Florida was one of these states and received \$418 million. The program, which runs through 2017, was subsequently expanded twice, with additional states and funding added each time. Florida's final share of these funds totaled slightly more than \$1 billion. As of December 31, 2014, five strategies have been approved by Treasury. The Mortgage Loan Reinstatement Program is used to bring a delinguent mortgage current. The Unemployment Mortgage Assistance Program provides funds to make first mortgage payments to mortgage servicers on behalf of unemployed or underemployed borrowers. The Principal Reduction Program assists homeowners who are underwater on their mortgage (they owe more than the property is worth) to bring down the principal owed to be more in line with their property values. The Elderly Mortgage Assistance Program assists senior homeowners with reverse mortgages who face foreclosure due to non-payment of propertyrelated expenses. The Modification Enabling Pilot Program assists homeowners in modifying their mortgage to an affordable level.

Subordinate Mortgage Initiative – In 2009, Florida Housing implemented an initiative to provide limited financial assistance to eligible properties that are credit enhanced by the Guarantee Program. These short-term loans provided temporary assistance in funding first mortgage debt service obligations for up to two years. These subordinate loans are forgivable if the properties are successful in refinancing their mortgages and exit the Guarantee Program within five years.

Legislative Initiatives – From time to time, Florida Housing receives appropriations for pilot programs or programs that target a specific segment of the affordable housing spectrum such as housing for persons with special needs or the homeless.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of December 31, 2014, Florida Housing had the following cash and cash equivalents:

	Credit Rating	Fair Value
Cash Manay Markata	_ AAA – A+	\$ 41,313,213 252,424,640
Money Markets	AAA – A+	252,434,640
		\$ 293,747,853

Cash on deposit is held in trust by financial institutions in the name of Florida Housing and is entirely insured by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the financial institutions' trust departments or agents in Florida Housing's name pursuant to Section 280.04, Florida Statutes.

5. INVESTMENTS

Florida Housing is authorized to invest in securities permitted under Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, including direct obligations of the United States of America or any agency thereof, interest-bearing or demand deposits with any qualified depository institution, and commercial paper of prime quality. It is also authorized to invest in contracts for the purchase and sale of government obligations as described in the Florida Housing Act. Investments other than Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded as a component of investment income. Florida Housing's GICs are considered to be non-participating; therefore, they are recorded at cost in accordance with applicable standards. Unrealized gain on investments in 2014 was \$27.6 million.

Funds in the State Housing Trust Fund and the Local Government Housing Trust Fund are held by the State Treasury in a general pool of investments. Florida Housing also has invested funds associated with single family bond issues, its pooled investments and Guarantee Program funds with the State Treasury in Special Purpose Investment Accounts (SPIAs). Pursuant to Section 17.61, Florida Statutes, these SPIAs allow statutorily created organizations to invest in the Treasury investment portfolio. Florida Statutes enumerate the various types of authorized deposits and investments, which include time deposits, federal government obligations, repurchase agreements, and reverse repurchase agreements through securities lending programs. Florida Housing's share of this investment pool is \$507.2 million at December 31, 2014, which is the fair value of the pool share. Fair value is based on guoted market prices. No allocation will be made as to Florida Housing's share of the types of investments or their risk categories. Florida Housing's share of the assets and liabilities arising from the reverse repurchase agreements will likewise not be carried on the statement of financial position since the State Treasury operates on a pooled basis and to do so may give the misleading impression that Florida Housing itself has entered into such agreements. For further information, refer to the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or publications of the Office of the State Chief Financial Officer.

		Investment Maturities (in years)								
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Le	ss Than 1		1 – 5		6 – 10	More Than 10	-	Total Fair Value
Asset-Backed Securities	AAA – AA-	\$	_	\$	58,081	\$	10,338	\$ 4,514	\$	72,933
CD	A+		-		613		-	_		613
CMBS	AAA – AA+		-		80		1,082	13,453		14,615
Commercial Paper	A1+		533		-		-	_		533
Corporate Bonds	AAA – B+		18,699		124,414		-	_		143,113
Fannie Mae MBS	AA+		426		6,035		3,239	197,693		207,393
Freddie Mac MBS	AA+		-		3,382		1,706	13,032		18,120
Investment Agreements	AA+ – A-		-		2,140		-	10,357		12,497
Investment Agreements	Unrated		-		-		-	1,540		1,540
MBS	AAA – D		-		1,071		-	7,684		8,755
Municipal Bonds	AAA – A		6,085		11,357		797	_		18,239
State Treasury	A+f		507,183		-		-	_		507,183
U.S. Agencies	AA+		-		29,304		-	_		29,304
U.S. Government Obligations	AA+		-		483		3,788	1,098,276		1,102,547
U.S. Treasury Notes	AA+		114,936		24,418		-	_		139,354
		\$	647,862	\$	261,378	\$	20,950	\$ 1,346,549	\$	2,276,739

As of December 31, 2014, Florida Housing had investments with the following credit ratings and maturities (in thousands):

Credit ratings shown are by Standard & Poor's, except Investment Agreements which includes one Moody's rating.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, seek to minimize interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to meet ongoing program and operational cash requirements without having to sell securities in the open market. Interest rate risk in these funds is also minimized by maintaining a short duration portfolio. Investments in bond funds are structured to meet the cash requirements of the specific issue. Interest rate risk is also minimized with guaranteed investment contracts.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, limit the purchase of securities to those rated in the four highest categories by a major rating agency. Certain types of investments are further limited up to the one or two highest rating categories. Investments in the bond funds are governed by their respective indentures; Florida Housing does not have a separate investment guideline covering them.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, Florida Housing will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. All securities owned by Florida Housing are either in the custody of the related bond indenture trustees or held in Florida Housing's name by a party other than the issuer of the security.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the increased risk of loss associated with a lack of diversification, or the ownership of securities from one issuer. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, limit securities from a single corporate issuer to no more than 5% of the portfolio. Investments in the bond funds are governed by their respective indentures; Florida Housing does not have a separate investment guideline covering them.

The following table provides information on issuers in which Florida Housing has investments representing more than 5% of its total investments. This table represents combined investments of all funds (Operating, State and Federal, and bond funds) at December 31, 2014:

Investment	%	Fair Value
Fannie Mae	9.2%	\$ 210,343,335
State Treasury	22.3%	507,182,856

6. RESERVE FUND REQUIREMENTS

Cash and investments held to satisfy various reserve requirements at December 31, 2014 were as follows:

Program	Reserve quirements	C	On Deposit	Exc	cess
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue	\$ 353,228	\$	353,228	\$	
Multifamily Mortgage Revenue	6,674,149		6,674,149		
	\$ 7,027,377	\$	7,027,377	\$	

7. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses were as follows at December 31, 2014:

Single family bond mortgage loans	\$ 94,634,644
Multifamily bond mortgage loans	1,232,179,952
State and federal loans	1,382,960,053
Operating loans	 22,554,631
	2,732,329,280
Less: Allowance for loan losses	 (269,566,575)
	2,462,762,705
Less current portion	 (205,175,366)
Noncurrent loans receivable, net	\$ 2,257,587,339

The single family and multifamily bond program loans are pledged as collateral for the payment of principal and interest on note and bond indebtedness. Substantially all of these multifamily mortgage loans have an interest rate equal to the interest rate on the notes and bonds plus expenses.

Certain single family bond mortgage loans are secured by first liens on single family residential property. Interest rates on the single family bond mortgage loans range from 3.0% to 7.25%. Under Florida Housing's program guidelines, all conventionally financed single family bond mortgage loans with an initial loan-to-value ratio greater than 80% are insured by private mortgage insurance carriers. The mortgage loans insured outstanding at December 31, 2014, (exclusive of Fannie Mae and GNMA guaranteed loans) are as follows: Federal Housing Administration (51%), Commonwealth Mortgage Assurance Company (Radian Guaranty, Inc.) (11%), Department of Veterans' Affairs (9%), Rural Housing Authority (6%), and General Electric Mortgage Insurance Company (3%). Approximately 20% of single family bond mortgage loans outstanding at December 31, 2014 are uninsured.

Under the multifamily bond programs, mortgage loans are collateralized by various methods, including first liens on multifamily rental properties, letters of credit, surety bonds, and guarantees provided by the Florida Housing Guarantee Program and third parties. Approximately \$301.2 million of the outstanding multifamily bond mortgage loans at December 31, 2014, are secured, in part, by irrevocable direct-pay letters of credit provided by banking and savings and loan institutions. Approximately \$1.0 billion of the outstanding multifamily bond mortgage loans at December 31, 2014 are secured, in part, by irrevocable direct-pay letters of the outstanding multifamily bond mortgage loans at December 31, 2014 are secured, in part, by insurance as follows: Freddie Mac (23%), Fannie Mae (22%), Guarantee Program/HUD (10%), and various other companies (29%). Approximately 16% of the multifamily bond mortgage loans are uninsured.

Mortgage loans in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs are recorded at an amount generally equal to the outstanding conduit debt. Any loss resulting from the insufficiency of the available assets and credit enhancement to satisfy the obligations of a specific bond issue will be sustained by the specific bondholder.

State and federally funded loans are primarily second mortgages made on both single family residential property and multifamily housing developments. Interest rates range from 0% to 9%. Most loans made under the SAIL and TCAP programs contain interest payment provisions based upon the developments' cash flows with deferral of interest payment until positive cash flow is generated. Principal is due at maturity.

Many of Florida Housing's loan programs defer payments, both for principal and interest, until maturity. Under some programs, loans may be forgivable if the borrower meets certain criteria or complies with certain criteria during a predetermined period.

8. PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE

At December 31, 2014, property held for sale consisted of three properties. The three properties totaling \$0.6 million were acquired through foreclosures on loans funded by the Predevelopment Loan, the HOME Program, and the Special Housing Assistance and Development Program.

9. COLLATERALIZED BANK LOAN

In April 1998, Florida Housing entered into a line of credit agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank (the Bank) to preserve available single family tax-exempt bond allocations. Florida Housing's credit availability at the Bank is \$650 million. All advances under this agreement are fully collateralized with cash, which may be replaced with other types of collateral in a form and amount acceptable to the Bank. The line of credit bears interest at the investment rate on the cash collateral account (0.005% at December 31, 2014) plus seven basis points. The agreement renews each October for an additional 12-month period; therefore, the collateralized bank loan is classified as a current liability. There was no new collateralized bank loan activity during 2014 and the outstanding balance at December 31, 2014 is zero.

10. NOTES AND BONDS PAYABLE

At December 31, 2014 notes and bonds payable consist of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
NOTES PAYABLE				
Multifamily Housing Revenue Fund				
2009 Series B Mortgage Revenue Note	12/23/2009	2024	5.70%	\$ 13,000,460
2014 Series F Mortgage Revenue Note	12/16/2014	2052	Floating	1,901,675
Total notes payable				\$ 14,902,135
BONDS PAYABLE				
Single Family Home Ownership Fund				
1987 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	12/16/1987	2017 - 2018	8.63%	\$ 145,000
1991 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	09/26/1991	2023	Floating	831,000
1992 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	06/30/1992	2023 - 2025	Floating	2,756,412
Total Single Family Home Ownership bo	onds payable			3,732,412
Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Fund				
1997 Series 1, 2, 3 Term Bonds	06/01/1997	2017 - 2029	5.63% - 5.90%	5,420,000
2005 Series 1 Serial Bonds	06/16/2005	2015	4.30%	325,000
2005 Series 1 Term Bonds	06/16/2005	2025 - 2036	4.60% - 4.70%	<u> </u>
2005 Series 2 Serial Bonds	11/17/2005	2015 - 2017	4.10% - 4.25%	945,000
2005 Series 3 Term Bonds	11/17/2005	2025 - 2036	4.75% - 4.90%	7,440,000
2005 Series 3 PAC Term Bonds	11/17/2005	2036	5.00%	1,935,000
				10,320,000
2006 Series 1 Serial Bonds	03/23/2006	2015 - 2016	4.35% - 4.38%	700,000
2006 Series 1 Term Bonds	03/23/2006	2020 - 2037	4.55% - 4.85%	12,495,000
2006 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	03/23/2006	2037	5.00%	4,290,000
				17,485,000
2006 Series 2 Serial Bonds	05/24/2006	2015 - 2016	4.65% - 4.70%	820,000
2006 Series 2, 3 Term Bonds	05/24/2006	2021 - 2038	4.50% - 4.95%	20,945,000
2006 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	05/24/2006	2037	5.50%	790,000
				22,555,000
2006 Series 4 Serial Bonds	08/17/2006	2015 - 2016	4.70% - 4.75%	1,545,000
2006 Series 4, 5 Term Bonds	08/17/2006	2021 - 2037	4.70% - 5.15%	32,900,000
2006 Series 4 PAC Term Bonds	08/17/2006	2037	5.75%	2,140,000
				36,585,000

scription	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding	
2006 Series 6 Serial Bonds	12/18/2006	2015 - 2016	4.15% - 4.20%	\$ 685,000	
2006 Series 6 Term Bonds	12/18/2006	2021 - 2037	4.45% - 4.70%	12,980,000	
2006 Series 6 PAC Term Bonds	12/18/2006	2037	5.75%	5,745,000	
				19,410,000	
2007 Series 1 Serial Bonds	03/13/2007	2015 - 2017	4.25% - 4.38%	460,000	
2007 Series 1 Term Bonds	03/13/2007	2022 - 2048	4.55% - 4.85%	6,255,000	
2007 Series 1 PAC Term Bond	03/13/2007	2048	5.95%	9,055,00	
				15,770,000	
2007 Series 2 Serial Bonds	05/03/2007	2015 - 2017	4.30% - 4.40%	645,00	
2007 Series 2 Term Bonds	05/03/2007	2022 - 2048	4.70% - 4.85%	18,215,00	
2007 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	05/03/2007	2048	6.00%	10,635,00	
				29,495,000	
2007 Series 3 Term Bonds	07/18/2007	2027 - 2048	5.00% - 5.15%	13,850,00	
2007 Series 3 Prem PAC Bonds	07/18/2007	2048	6.25%	13,190,00	
2007 Series 4 Taxable PAC Bonds	07/18/2007	2048	5.99%	150,00	
				27,190,00	
2007 Series 5 Serial Bonds	10/10/2007	2015 - 2017	4.35% - 4.50%	720,00	
2007 Series 5 Term Bonds	10/10/2007	2022 - 2048	4.95% - 5.15%	10,315,00	
2007 Series 5 PAC Term Bonds	10/10/2007	2048	5.75%	8,355,00	
				19,390,00	
2007 Series 6 Serial Bonds	01/08/2008	2015 - 2017	4.25% - 4.45%	915,00	
2007 Series 6 Term Bonds	01/08/2008	2023 - 2049	5.00% - 5.40%	13,045,00	
2007 Series PAC Term Bonds	01/08/2008	2048	5.50%	10,050,00	
				24,010,00	
2008 Series 1 Serial Bonds	04/15/2008	2015 - 2018	4.80% - 5.15%	735,00	
2008 Series 1 Term Bonds	04/15/2008	2023 - 2039	5.45% - 6.00%	8,590,00	
2008 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	04/15/2008	2039	6.45%	4,995,00	
				14,320,00	
2008 Series 2 Term Bonds 2008 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	07/29/2008	2018 - 2039	5.05% - 5.65%	11,690,00	
	07/29/2008	2039	6.70%	<u> </u>	
	00/00/0000	0045 0040	0.050/ 4.000/		
2008 Series 3 Serial Bonds	09/30/2008	2015 - 2018	3.85% - 4.30%	6,910,00	
2008 Series 3 Term Bonds	09/30/2008	2023 - 2033	5.00% - 5.45%	<u>25,865,00</u> 32,775,00	
2008 Series & Seriel Bonds	11/25/2008	2015 - 2020	4.70% - 5.50%	11,290,00	
2008 Series 4 Serial Bonds 2008 Series 4 Term Bonds	11/25/2008	2013 - 2020 2023 - 2033	4.70% - 3.30% 5.85% - 6.20%	14,860,00	
	11/23/2000	2023 - 2033	3.03 /0 - 0.20 /0	26,150,00	
2009 Series 1 Serial Bonds	07/27/2009	2015 - 2019	3.25% - 4.10%	4,190,00	
2009 Series 1 Term Bonds	07/27/2009	2025 - 2039	4.95% - 5.40%	19,865,00	
2009 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	07/27/2009	2039	5.38%	7,270,00	
				31,325,000	
			Interest	Balance	
--	---------------	-------------	---------------	-------------	----------
Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Rates	Outstanding	<u> </u>
2009 Series 2 Serial Bonds	10/01/2009	2015 - 2019	2.80% - 3.85%	\$ 8,075,0	000
2009 Series 2 Term Bonds	10/01/2009	2024 - 2039	4.40% - 5.00%	38,875,0	00
2009 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	10/01/2009	2041	5.50%	8,965,0	00
				55,915,0	000
2011 Series 1, 2 Serial Bonds	03/31/2011	2015 - 2022	3.00% - 4.45%	27,540,0	000
2011 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	03/31/2011	2041	5.00%	13,795,0	00
2011 Series 2, 3 Term Bonds	03/31/2011	2026	5.00%	7,710,0	00
				49,045,0	00
Total Single Family Homeowner Mortgage b	oonds payable			469,660,0	000
Unamortized bond premium				17,547,5	626
Net Single Family Homeowner Mortgage bo	onds payable			487,207,5	526
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Fund (Spec	ial Program)				

2009 Series A1 Serial Bonds 2009 Series A1 Term Bonds 2009 Series A1 PAC Term Bonds	01/12/2010 01/12/2010 01/12/2010	2015 - 2020 2020 - 2029 2028	2.65% - 4.00% 4.00% - 4.80% 5.00%	\$ 8,430,000 22,590,000 13,775,000 44,795,000
2010 Series A Serial Bonds 2010 Series A Term Bonds 2010 Series A PAC Term Bonds	06/23/2010 06/23/2010 06/23/2010	2015 - 2022 2021 - 2029 2028	2.45% - 4.10% 4.00% - 4.60% 5.00%	 13,780,000 20,520,000 17,705,000 52,005,000
2010 Series B Serial Bonds 2010 Series B Term Bonds 2010 Series B PAC Term Bonds 2009 Series B2 Term Bonds	11/01/2010 11/01/2010 11/01/2010 11/01/2010	2015 - 2020 2025 - 2028 2029 2041	1.85% - 3.25% 4.00% - 4.13% 4.50% 3.01%	 2,910,000 5,200,000 4,085,000 21,580,000 33,775,000
2011 Series A Serial Bonds 2011 Series A Term Bonds 2011 Series A PAC Term Bonds 2009 Series B3 Term Bonds	03/09/2011 03/09/2011 03/09/2011 03/09/2011	2015 - 2021 2026 - 2030 2029 2041	2.30% - 4.30% 5.00% - 5.20% 4.50% 3.57%	 13,640,000 14,510,000 12,035,000 64,730,000 104,915,000
2011 Series A Serial Bonds 2011 Series B Term Bonds 2011 Series B PAC Term Bonds 2009 Series B4 Term Bonds	07/07/2011 07/07/2011 07/07/2011 07/07/2011	2015 - 2021 2026 - 2029 2029 2041	1.90% - 3.70% 4.45% - 4.63% 4.50% 3.48%	 15,610,000 17,465,000 13,680,000 75,120,000 121,875,000
2011 Series C Serial Bonds 2011 Series C Term Bonds 2011 Series C PAC Term Bonds 2009 Series B5 Term Bonds	11/03/2011 11/03/2011 11/03/2011 11/03/2011	2015 - 2022 2026 - 2030 2030 2041	1.75% - 3.65% 4.10% - 4.45% 4.50% 2.32%	 16,330,000 21,080,000 12,020,000 78,310,000 127,740,000
2013 Series A Term Bonds 2013 Series B Term Bonds	05/16/2013 05/30/2013	2041 2041	2.80% 2.80%	\$ 92,424,294 75,848,813

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
	40/00/0040	0045 0004		04 705 000
2013 Series C Serial Bonds 2013 Series C Term Bonds	12/23/2013 12/23/2013	2015 - 2024 2027	0.55% - 3.70% 4.00%	21,735,000 7,325,000
2013 Series C PAC Term Bonds	12/23/2013	2027	4.00%	19,960,000
	12,20,2010	2000	1.0070	49,020,000
2014 Series A Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2036	3.00%	19,451,391
2014 Series B Serial Bonds	05/28/2014	2016 - 2024	0.50% - 3.10%	4,640,000
2014 Series B Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2029 - 2046	3.70% - 4.35%	25,270,000
2014 Series B PAC Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2045	3.00%	20,000,000
Total Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (S	Special Program) b	onds payable		771,759,498
Unamortized bond premium				7,288,666
Net Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Sp	oecial Program) bo	nds payable		779,048,164
Multifamily Housing Revenue Fund				
1985 Series SS Term Bonds	12/17/1985	2017	Floating	20,000,000
1985 Series XX Term Bonds	12/17/1985	2025	Floating	8,500,000
1995 Series J Term Bonds	11/01/1995	2015 - 2035	5.95% - 6.20%	10,250,000
1996 Series G Term Bonds	07/15/1996	2016 - 2036	6.20% - 6.50%	6,380,000
1996 Series O Term Bonds	09/01/1996	2016 - 2036	6.15% - 6.30%	9,875,000
1996 Series T Term Bonds	12/01/1996	2018 - 2036	5.85% - 6.05%	6,275,000
1997 Series C Term Bonds	05/15/1997	2017 - 2039	5.75% - 6.00%	8,315,000
1998 Series A Term Bonds	03/01/1998	2030	5.45%	11,390,000
1998 Series B Term Bonds	06/01/1998	2038	6.61%	14,210,000
1998 Series H Term Bonds	07/01/1998	2038	7.25%	3,142,984
1998 Series I1 Term Bonds	08/01/1998	2033	Floating	15,875,000
¹ 1998 Series J Term Bonds	10/01/1998	2028	Floating	3,525,000
1998 Series S Term Bonds	12/28/1998	2031	4.80%	8,712,000
1999 Series D1, D2 Term Bonds	07/21/1999	2015 - 2032	5.38% - 5.60%	12,175,000
1999 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	08/25/1999	2032	Floating	11,150,000
1999 Series I1, I2 Term Bonds	08/31/1999	2032	Floating	12,365,000
1999 Series N1 Term Bonds	09/21/1999	2015 - 2039	5.60% - 5.90%	5,970,000
1999 Series P Term Bonds	09/24/1999	2032	Floating	6,135,000
1999 Series Q1, Q2 Term Bonds	09/27/1999	2023 - 2039	5.75% - 7.85%	12,255,000
2000 Series E1, E2 Term Bonds	06/13/2000	2033	Floating	\$ 9,255,000

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
2000 Series N1, N2 Term Bonds	12/12/2000	2033 - 2041	5.75% - 6.05%	8,450,000
2000 Series R1, R2 Term Bonds	12/06/2000	2018 - 2033	5.75% - 7.85%	8,325,000
2001 Series A1, A2 Term Bonds	01/01/2001	2032 - 2041	5.30% - 5.45%	7,495,000
2001 Series G Term Bonds	11/01/2001	2031	6.25%	8,886,000
2001 Series L Term Bonds	12/01/2001	2015 - 2035	4.88% - 5.38%	7,635,000
2002 Series A1, A2 Term Bonds	01/08/2002	2035	Floating	11,665,000
2002 Series B1 Term Bonds	01/24/2002	2015 - 2034	4.75% - 5.30%	7,465,000
2002 Series D1, D2 Term Bonds	02/28/2002	2023 - 2042	5.20% - 7.00%	17,090,000
2002 Series F1, F2 Term Bonds	07/19/2002	2016 - 2035	5.45% - 7.00%	9,440,000
2002 Series H1, H2 Term Bonds	07/31/2002	2024 - 2042	5.20% - 6.00%	10,635,000
2002 Series K1, K2 Term Bonds	10/30/2002	2035	Floating	16,000,000
2002 Series L1, L2 Term Bonds	12/09/2002	2034	Floating	7,465,000
¹ 2002 Series M1 Term Bonds	11/14/2002	2032	Floating	5,300,000
¹ 2002 Series N1, N2 Term Bonds	11/14/2002	2032	Floating	8,450,000
2003 Series A Term Bonds	01/01/2003	2036	Floating	7,250,000
2003 Series B1, B3 Term Bonds	01/01/2003	2034	Floating	8,050,000
2003 Series E1 Term Bonds	03/01/2003	2036	Floating	7,315,000
2003 Series G Term Bonds	03/18/2003	2036	Floating	7,225,000
2003 Series H Term Bonds	03/25/2003	2036	Floating	6,210,000
¹ 2003 Series I Term Bonds	04/01/2003	2033	6.30%	7,266,000
2003 Series J Term Bonds	04/01/2003	2036	5.61%	4,928,000
2003 Series K Term Bonds	04/01/2003	2036	Floating	5,820,000
2003 Series L Term Bonds	07/01/2003	2015 - 2036	3.75% - 4.45%	10,180,000
2003 Series N Term Bonds	07/22/2003	2035	Floating	12,775,000
2003 Series O Term Bonds	07/29/2003	2035	Floating	15,300,000
2003 Series P Term Bonds	07/29/2003	2035	Floating	13,555,000
2003 Series R1, R2 Term Bonds	10/01/2003	2037	Floating	14,070,000
2003 Series S1 Serial Bonds 2003 Series S1 Term Bonds	10/01/2003 10/01/2003	2015 - 2023 2036	4.00% - 4.75% 4.80%	1,130,000 2,775,000 3,905,000

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
2003 Series T Serial Bonds 2003 Series T Term Bonds	10/07/2003 10/07/2003	2015 - 2019 2024 - 2045	4.30% - 4.70% 4.90% - 5.15%	\$ 770,000 10,765,000 11,535,000
2003 Series W Term Bonds	12/16/2003	2036	Floating	5,100,000
2004 Series A Term Bonds	02/01/2004	2015 - 2045	4.20% - 5.00%	9,550,000
2004 Series C1, C2 Term Bonds	02/18/2004	2027 - 2037	4.80% - 5.31%	6,115,000
2004 Series D Term Bonds	02/01/2004	2015 - 2045	4.10% - 4.95%	11,565,000
2004 Series E Term Bonds	03/01/2004	2037	Floating	5,400,000
2004 Series F Serial Bonds	03/01/2004	2037	Floating	6,100,000
2004 Series H Term Bonds	06/01/2004	2037	Floating	7,700,000
2004 Series K Term Bonds	12/01/2004	2037	Floating	14,100,000
¹ 2004 Series L Term Bonds	12/22/2004	2034	Floating	15,610,000
¹ 2004 Series M Term Bonds	12/22/2004	2034	Floating	17,375,000
2005 Series A Term Bonds	01/25/2005	2037	Floating	11,300,000
2005 Series B1, B2 Term Bonds	04/01/2005	2035	Floating	40,525,000
² 2005 Series D Term Bonds	11/29/2005	2035	Floating	11,990,000
2006 Series A Term Bonds	03/28/2006	2042	6.15%	6,599,953
2006 Series B Term Bonds	03/16/2006	2050	6.00%	6,442,001
2006 Series C Term Bonds	03/16/2006	2050	6.00%	6,325,492
² 2006 Series D Term Bonds	07/11/2006	2036	Floating	8,975,000
2006 Series E Term Bonds	04/19/2006	2038	5.50%	3,454,000
2006 Series G Term Bonds	06/30/2006	2039	Floating	3,660,000
2006 Series H Term Bonds	06/21/2006	2039	Floating	6,295,000
² 2006 Series I Term Bonds	06/29/2006	2041	6.50%	30,000,000
2006 Series K Term Bonds	09/21/2006	2038	5.49%	1,260,000
2006 Series L Term Bonds	10/26/2006	2038	5.29%	345,000
2006 Series N Term Bonds	12/13/2006	2044	Floating	13,370,000
2007 Series A Term Bonds	08/23/2007	2040	5.49%	3,218,000
2007 Series B Term Bonds	02/06/2007	2048	6.70%	9,565,888
² 2007 Series D Term Bonds	05/23/2007	2047	6.50%	40,570,000
² 2007 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	06/15/2007	2042	2.60% - 4.00%	52,122,238
2007 Series H Term Bonds	06/29/2007	2042	Floating	3,195,000

escription	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
2007 Series I Term Bonds	11/02/2007	2042	Floating	\$ 16,940,000
2007 Series K Term Bonds	12/20/2007	2042	6.00%	1,850,000
2008 Series A Term Bonds	01/16/2008	2041	Floating	6,770,000
2008 Series C Serial Bonds 2008 Series C Term Bonds	02/11/2008 02/11/2008	2015 - 2018 2035 - 2049	3.60% - 4.05% 5.00% - 5.25%	445,000 6,955,000 7,400,000
2008 Series E Term Bonds	03/20/2008	2048	Floating	4,955,000
2008 Series H Term Bonds	05/08/2008	2039	5.88%	4,317,41
2008 Series I Term Bonds	06/06/2008	2048	Floating	11,000,00
2008 Series J Term Bonds	07/09/2008	2040	5.95%	5,355,87
2008 Series K Term Bonds	07/31/2008	2041	Floating	6,195,00
2008 Series L Term Bonds	08/19/2008	2041	Floating	6,855,00
2008 Series M Term Bonds	11/14/2008	2041	Floating	7,020,00
2008 Series N Term Bonds	12/18/2008	2043	Floating	4,110,00
2008 Series O Term Bonds	12/18/2008	2043	Floating	4,025,00
2010 Series A2 Term Bonds	09/20/2010	2027	7.25%	4,235,00
2009 Series A1 Term Bonds	09/29/2010	2044	3.07%	6,030,00
2009 Series D1 Term Bonds	11/10/2010	2044	3.01%	2,250,00
2010 Series A Term Bonds 2009 Series C Term Bonds	11/10/2010 11/10/2010	2027 2044	4.20% 3.01%	2,785,00 7,000,00 9,785,00
2010 Series B1 Term Bonds	12/07/2010	2047	7.60%	815,00
2009 Series E Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2028	3.01%	3,030,00
2009 Series F Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2040	3.01%	5,700,00
2009 Series G Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2052	3.01%	10,920,00
2010 Series D1 Term Bonds	12/20/2010	2042	7.60%	2,765,00
2011 Series A Term Bonds	02/02/2011	2041	4.55%	10,601,19
2011 Series B Term Bonds	02/02/2011	2041	4.55%	6,369,81
2011 Series C1 Term Bonds	02/02/2011	2041	4.55%	9,318,13
2011 Series E Serial Bonds 2011 Series E Term Bonds 2009 Series I Term Bonds	05/19/2011 05/19/2011 05/19/2011	2015 - 2020 2022 - 2028 2044	1.95% - 3.85% 4.10% - 4.88% 3.57%	1,815,00 3,595,00 20,270,00

escription	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
2011 Series F Serial Bonds 2011 Series F Term Bonds 2009 Series J Term Bonds	05/19/2011 05/19/2011 05/19/2011	2015 - 2020 2022 - 2029 2044	1.95% - 3.85% 4.10% - 4.95% 3.57%	\$ 1,760,000 3,860,000 19,460,000 25,080,000
2011 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	05/26/2011	2029	4.85%	1,500,000
2009 Series K Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	9,090,00
2009 Series L Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2044	2.32%	12,950,00
2009 Series M Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2041	2.32%	6,310,00
2009 Series N Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2041	2.32%	8,980,00
2009 Series O Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	7,370,00
2009 Series P Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	4,670,00
2009 Series Q Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2042	2.32%	6,590,00
2009 Series R Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2042	2.32%	9,050,00
2009 Series S Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2045	2.32%	17,100,00
2009 Series T Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2044	2.32%	11,700,00
2009 Series U1, U2 Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2045	2.32%	6,800,00
2012 Series C Term Bonds	12/03/2012	2032	5.35%	7,075,00
2013 Series A Term Bonds	04/24/2013	2029	3.45%	4,220,00
2013 Series B Term Bonds	09/10/2013	2043	Floating	12,000,00
2013 Series C Term Bonds	11/27/2013	2015	0.50%	28,000,00
2013 Series D Term Bonds	12/19/2013	2015	0.50%	18,800,00
2014 Series A Term Bonds	03/31/2014	2015	0.45%	14,000,00
2014 Series B Term Bonds	05/29/2014	2015	0.40%	18,000,00
2014 Series C Term Bonds	08/15/2014	2016	0.55%	10,500,00
2014 Series D1 Term Bonds 2014 Series D2 Term Bonds	10/03/2014 10/03/2014	2032 2016	4.90% 6.39%	3,600,00 940,75 4,540,75
2014 Series E Term Bonds	09/22/2014	2015	0.35%	6,300,00
2014 Series G Term Bonds	11/21/2014	2016	0.55%	24,000,00
Total Multifamily Housing Revenue b	oonds payable			1,282,185,73

² Refunding ¹ Reoffering

- 36 -

Interest on outstanding notes and bonds is payable semiannually, except the following bonds, which pay interest monthly:

- Single Family Pass Through Bonds
- Multifamily Floating Rate Bonds
- Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds:

,	0		
1998 Series H	2006 Series C	2007 Series D	2011 Series B
1998 Series S	2006 Series I	2007 Series G1, G2	2011 Series C1
2001 Series G	2006 Series K	2008 Series H	2014 Series D1, D2
2003 Series J	2006 Series L	2008 Series J	
2006 Series A	2007 Series A	2009 Series B	
2006 Series B	2007 Series B	2011 Series A	

• Single Family Home Ownership Bonds: 1987 Series G1 and G2, 1991 Series G1 and G2, and 1992 Series G1 and G2

The methods or indices used to determine the actual interest rates for floating rate bonds are outlined in the individual bond documents. Actual interest rates ranged from 0.02% to 6.75% during 2014. Rates in effect at December 31, 2014 ranged from 0.02% to 2.54%.

Scheduled maturities of notes and bonds payable, interest payments, and sinking fund requirements at December 31, 2014, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 323,222,616	\$ 74,508,026	\$ 397,730,642
2015	100,439,869	72,305,762	172,745,631
2010	86,066,329	70,134,255	156,200,584
2018	67,730,585	67,900,584	135,631,169
2019	118,883,043	64,349,633	183,232,676
2020 - 2024	389.838.160	281,837,703	671,675,863
2025 - 2029	414,927,784	209,879,361	624,807,145
2030 - 2034	416,231,209	136,883,164	553,114,373
2035 - 2039	356,524,638	68,305,059	424,829,697
2040 - 2044	216,283,587	19,850,491	236,134,078
2045 - 2049	48,136,774	2,514,505	50,651,279
2050 - 2054	3,955,181	55,857	4,011,038
	2,542,239,775	1,068,524,400	3,610,764,175
Net unamortized		. , ,	
bond premium	24,836,192	_	24,836,192
	\$ 2,567,075,967	\$ 1,068,524,400	\$ 3,635,600,367

Assets of the various funds are pledged for payment of principal and interest on the applicable debt. Each issue, with the exception of certain single family issues, is collateralized by a separate collateral package. The bonds in the Single Family Homeowner Mortgage fund are collateralized under a single bond indenture. In addition, certain assets are further restricted for payment of interest and principal in the event that the related debt service and other available funds are insufficient. Such assets are segregated within the various funds and are held in cash or investments.

In May 2014, Florida Housing issued \$71.0 million in 2014 Series AB bonds in the Single Family Homeowner (Special Program) Fund. The 2014 Series A bonds of \$21 million was

used to refund two outstanding bond series. Florida Housing reduced its total debt service payments over the life of the bonds which resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$2.2 million. The economic gain is the difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the old debt and that of the new debt. This gain strengthens the trust estate for this bond indenture.

Changes in Notes and Bonds Payable

Notes and bonds payable activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Notes and bonds payable	Unamortized premium (discount)	Total notes and bonds payable, net
Beginning Balance	\$ 2,900,678,573	\$ 27,314,189	\$ 2,927,992,762
Additions	129,336,892	925,000	130,261,892
Reductions	(487,775,690)	(3,402,997)	(491,178,687)
Ending Balance	\$2,542,239,775	\$ 24,836,192	\$2,567,075,967
Due Within One Year	\$ 323,222,616	\$ 2,963,919	\$ 326,186,535

11. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Guarantee Program

The Guarantee Program guarantees the payment of principal and interest on qualifying loans made to finance or refinance the purchase, construction, or rehabilitation of eligible housing. The suspension of issuing new guarantees, ratified by Florida Housing's Board in 2009, remains in force. Therefore, no additional commitments were issued in 2014.

As of December 31, 2014, the Guarantee Program had total outstanding guarantees of approximately \$158.9 million; \$1.6 million is included in Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities as a reserve against potential claims.

Hardest Hit Fund

Funds for this program are held by the U.S. Treasury and are drawn by Florida Housing as needed to fund disbursements and administrative expenses. Funds must be drawn in lump sum capital draws, and the program requirements specify minimum and maximum draw amounts as well as parameters for the timing of these capital draws. Since unused funds must ultimately be returned to the Treasury, these draws are recorded in Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities. Revenue is recognized as the funds are disbursed to borrowers or used to pay administrative expenses. In 2014, Florida Housing made four capital draws of \$260.0 million. As of December 31, 2014, \$86.1 million relating to these capital draws is included in Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities.

12. DUE TO DEVELOPERS

All of Florida Housing's multifamily bond issues are conduit debt. The assets of each issue are pledged solely to support the outstanding debt, and the bondholders' claims on the assets of the indenture are limited to the amount of debt and any outstanding interest. Assets in excess of the related liabilities are owed to the borrower, and are therefore recorded as Due to Developer. These multifamily bond issues represent \$189.5 million of the total

\$189.8 million Due to Developer amounts. The remaining balance represents Good Faith Deposits required from developers to begin the multifamily bond issuance process.

13. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Pursuant to various trust indentures and loan agreements, the assets and equity of the bond programs are restricted. Upon satisfaction of all bondholder indebtedness and payment of all authorized expenses, any remaining funds are disbursed to Florida Housing or the respective developer as described in each trust indenture or loan agreement. The assets and equity of the state-funded programs are restricted by statute. The following is a summary of restricted assets, liabilities, and net position as of December 31, 2014:

Total restricted cash	\$	292,014,091
Total restricted current assets	\$	1,060,138,007
Total restricted assets	\$	4,829,663,486
Total current liabilities payable from restricted current assets Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$ \$	454,614,376 2,886,568,773
Total restricted net position	\$	1,943,094,713

14. UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position provides additional security for Florida Housing's general obligations, coverage of current and planned administrative costs, and tentative plans for future utilization, subject to the approval of Florida Housing's management or Board of Directors. As of December 31, 2014, the balance of unrestricted net position in the Operating Fund, \$150.0 million, has been designated by the Board of Directors for a variety of uses: loans and loan commitments, including demonstration loans and loans to developments guaranteed by the Guarantee Fund; direct support of the Guarantee Program; and coverage of single family bond issuance costs. Additionally, unrestricted net position is designated for working capital and future operating and capital expenditures, including coverage of compliance monitoring fees for housing credit properties for which partial or no fees were collected at the time of allocation; and the costs associated with holding foreclosed property.

Below is a summary of the Operating Fund designated net position as of December 31, 2014:

Designated net position:	
Demonstration and other initiatives	\$ 95,458,285
Dedicated reserve for operations	42,500,000
Single family	 12,065,000
Total designated net position	\$ 150,023,285

15. DEVELOPER AND REGIONAL CONCENTRATION

As of December 31, 2014, four developers account for approximately 20% (\$253.2 million) of bonds and notes outstanding in the multifamily bond programs. No other developer accounts for more than 4% of the bonds and notes outstanding. Developments in the following six counties represent 66% of the bonds and notes outstanding:

Orange County (23%), Miami-Dade County (12%), Hillsborough County (10%), Broward County (7%), Duval County (7%), and Palm Beach County (7%). No other county represents 5% or more of the bonds and notes outstanding.

As of December 31, 2014, four developers account for approximately 41% (\$299.2 million) of loans outstanding in the SAIL Program. No other developer accounts for more than 7% of SAIL loans outstanding. Developments in the following six counties represent 55% of the SAIL loans outstanding: Miami-Dade County (14%), Hillsborough County (12%), Orange County (10%), Palm Beach County (7%), Duval County (6%), and Lake County (6%). No other county represents 5% or more of the SAIL loans outstanding.

As of December 31, 2014, two developers account for approximately 12% (\$41.5 million) of loans outstanding in the HOME Program. No other developer accounts for more than 3% of HOME loans outstanding. Outstanding loans in the following four counties represent 35% of HOME loans outstanding: Miami-Dade County (18%), Desoto County (6%), Duval County (6%), and Highlands County (5%). No other county represents 5% or more of the outstanding HOME loans.

As of December 31, 2014, three developers account for approximately 61% (\$96.2 million) of the total guarantees outstanding in the Guarantee Program. Credit enhanced developments are located in 18 counties. The counties with 5% or more of the total outstanding guarantees are as follows: Miami-Dade County (17%), Palm Beach County (15%), Broward County (13%), Volusia County (9%), Hillsborough County (7%), Pasco County (7%), and Lee County (6%).

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Loans

Florida Housing originates commitments to extend credit in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of qualified first time homebuyers and developers providing affordable housing for low, moderate, and middle income families in the state of Florida. Commitments to extend credit are contractual obligations to lend to a developer or individual homebuyer as long as all established contractual conditions are satisfied.

As of December 31, 2014, Florida Housing had outstanding commitments under state and federally funded programs and other initiatives as follows:

Hardest Hit Fund	\$ 67,144,201
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	12,700,426
State Apartment Incentive Loan Program	4,295,303
Community Workforce Housing Innovation Pilot Program	2,263,378
Predevelopment Loan Program	2,123,255
Demonstration Loans	 162,289
	\$ 88,688,852

Risk Management

Florida Housing is subject to normal risks associated with its operations, including property damage, personal injury and employee dishonesty. All risks are managed through the

purchase of commercial insurance. There have been no decreases in coverage over the last three years.

Leases

Florida Housing leases office space under a noncancelable operating lease. The lease term runs through May 2019. Rent expense for the operating lease was \$689,740 for the year ended December 31, 2014. As of December 31, 2014, future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2015	\$ 773,197
2016	831,919
2017	893,465
2018	920,267
2019	 388,155
	\$ 3,807,003

17. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Florida Housing is authorized by Section 420.507(32) of the Florida Statutes to establish pension plans for the benefit of its employees. There are two plans in place, a defined contribution pension plan and a deferred compensation plan.

Retirement Plan

Florida Housing sponsors a defined contribution pension plan (the Plan) under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(m) to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating employees. The Plan, which is administered by Florida Housing, covers all employees who have completed 12 months of employment, have attained the age of 21, and have performed at least 1,000 hours of service before the first anniversary of their employment or during any Plan year. In accordance with Plan documents, Florida Housing, or its Board of Directors, as applicable, may order changes to the Plan. Such changes shall be effective upon execution of a written instrument amending the Plan. Under the Plan, Florida Housing's contribution is based on a two-tier system. First, Florida Housing contributes a percentage of the eligible employee's compensation to the Plan. The percentage for the year ended December 31, 2014 was 8%. Second, Florida Housing contributes \$0.50 to the Plan for every \$1.00 of compensation deferred by the eligible employee under Florida Housing's sponsored IRC Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan, up to a maximum contribution by Florida Housing of 3% of the eligible employee's compensation. These contributions are recognized in the period they are due. Florida Housing contributions vest to the employee after three years of service.

Deferred Compensation Plan

Florida Housing offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with IRC Section 457 (the 457 Plan). The 457 Plan, available to all employees who have completed 90 continuous days of employment and have attained the age of 21, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. Florida Housing has the right to amend the 457 Plan. Amendments must be made in writing.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the 457 Plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are

(notwithstanding the mandates of 26 U.S.C. s. 457 (b) (6), all of the assets specified in subparagraph 1) held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries as mandated by 26 U.S.C. s. 457 (g) (1). Florida Housing does not contribute to the 457 Plan. Participation under the 457 Plan is solely at the discretion of the employee. Florida Housing has no liability for losses under the 457 Plan, but does have the duty of due care.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During the period January 1, 2015 through April 30, 2015, pursuant to various trust indentures, bonds in the aggregate amount of \$176.3 million were called for redemption from principal payments and excess revenues. The bonds were called at a redemption price equal to par value plus accrued interest.

Bonds and notes were called from the following programs:

		Redemption
Issue	Date	Amount
Single Family Home Ownership		
Various	January 2, 2015	\$ 59,686
Various	February 2, 2015	34,521
Various	March 2, 2015	41,652
Various	April 1, 2015	156,565
		292,424
Single Family Homeowner Mortgage		
Various	January 2, 2015	92,783,153
Various	February 2, 2015	2,057,346
Various	March 2, 2015	2,482,762
Various	April 1, 2015	15,567,434
		112,890,695
Multifamily Housing Revenue		
Various	January 2015	24,040,320
Various	February 2015	13,143,097
Various	March 2015	13,078,878
Various	April 2015	12,819,660
		63,081,955
		\$ 176,265,074

On February 18, 2015, \$60 million in bonds, 2015 Series A, were issued in the Single Family Homeowner (Special Program) Fund. Several bonds have been issued in the Multifamily Housing Revenue Program detailed below.

Multifamily Housing Revenue

2015 Series A	February 23, 2015	7,500,000
2015 Series B	March 6, 2015	7,300,000
2015 Series C	April 21, 2015	13,300,000
2015 Series D	April 30, 2015	 5,500,000
		\$ 33,600,000

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Restricted Programs								
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations	Operating	2014
ASSETS	•		· · · · ·						
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 852,702	\$ 84,709,993	\$ 44,850,731	\$ 365,727	\$ 73,611,019	\$ 87,610,725	\$ 13,081	\$ 1,733,875	\$ 293,747,853
Investments, net	-	62,208,776	37,785,776	156,863,226	115,468,194	147,509,705	43,199	127,982,591	647,861,467
Interest receivable on investments	20,638	2,183,441	2,734,367	259,480	338,110	25	-	1,003,912	6,539,973
Interest receivable on loans	-	453,740	-	-	7,901,945	180,910	-	-	8,536,595
Loans receivable, net	-	6,049,524	-	-	169,247,820	29,825,883	-	52,139	205,175,366
Documentary stamp taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	27,935,424	-	-	27,935,424
Property held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	642,660	-	642,660
Other assets	-	5,986	-	-	-	111,019	27,747	1,911,889	2,056,641
(Payable to) receivable from other programs	(1,735)	(3,210,856)	(803,794)	(13,306)	(847,230)	3,619,843	(735,232)	1,992,310	
Total current assets	871,605	152,400,604	84,567,080	157,475,127	365,719,858	296,793,534	(8,545)	134,676,716	1,192,495,979
NONCURRENT ASSETS	0 504 704	504 440 040	000 050 005		00 5 40 740	101 050 000	05.004	101.005.000	4 000 077 477
Investments, net	3,591,761	524,118,816	808,359,835	-	66,546,712	121,858,982	35,691	104,365,680	1,628,877,477
Loans receivable, net	-	87,570,009	-	-	1,062,932,132	1,091,398,938	-	15,686,260	2,257,587,339
Other assets, net								160,595	160,595
Total noncurrent assets	3,591,761	611,688,825	808,359,835		1,129,478,844	1,213,257,920	35,691	120,212,535	3,886,625,411
TOTAL ASSETS	4,463,366	764,089,429	892,926,915	157,475,127	1,495,198,702	1,510,051,454	27,146	254,889,251	5,079,121,390
LIABILITIES									
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other liabilities	-	502,479	-	22,421	1,111	96,048,723	186,298	5,534,187	102,295,219
Accrued interest payable	20,830	11,933,669	10,948,901	,	8,633,904		-	-	31,537,304
Notes payable, net	-	-	-	-	167,820	-	-	-	167,820
Bonds payable, net	615,000	80,116,682	63,487,033	-	181,800,000	-	-	-	326,018,715
Unearned fee income, net	-	-	-	311,289	-	-	-	2,506,103	2,817,392
Total current liabilities	635,830	92,552,830	74,435,934	333,710	190,602,835	96,048,723	186,298	8,040,290	462,836,450
	000,000	02,002,000	14,400,004	000,710	100,002,000	00,040,720	100,200	0,010,200	102,000,100
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					14 704 045				44 704 045
Notes payable, net	-	-	-	-	14,734,315	-	-	-	14,734,315
Bonds payable, net	3,117,412	407,090,844	715,561,131	-	1,100,385,730	-	-	-	2,226,155,117
Unearned fee income, net Due to developers	-	-	-	-	- 189,475,822	-	-	90,996,550 375,147	90,996,550 189,850,969
Other liabilities	-	-	-	- 1,589,143	169,475,622	-	-	375,147	1,589,143
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,117,412	407,090,844	715,561,131	1,589,143	1,304,595,867		<u>-</u>	91,371,697	2,523,326,094
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,753,242	499,643,674	789,997,065	1,922,853	1,495,198,702	96,048,723	186,298	99,411,987	2,986,162,544
NET POSITION									
Restricted	710,124	264,445,755	102,929,850	155,552,274	-	1,414,002,731	-	5,453,979	1,943,094,713
Unrestricted	-						(159,152)	150,023,285	149,864,133
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 710,124	\$ 264,445,755	\$ 102,929,850	\$ 155,552,274	\$ -	\$ 1,414,002,731	\$ (159,152)	\$ 155,477,264	\$ 2,092,958,846

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN PROGRAM NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Restricted	Programs					
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations	Operating	2014
	•						•		
OPERATING REVENUES									
Interest on loans	\$-	\$ 5,738,202	\$-	\$-	\$ 43,253,529	\$ 20,130,854	\$-	\$ 424,968	\$ 69,547,553
Investment income	176,011	36,440,128	60,675,446	4,166,784	4,504,110	4,582,431	1,338	3,253,838	113,800,086
Federal program administrative fees	-	-	-	-	-	8,031,697	-	8,007,284	16,038,981
Recovery of claims	-	-	-	1,512	-	-	-	-	1,512
Other income		134,815		1,932,720	27,106	(78,442)	250,372	13,635,929	15,902,500
Total operating revenues	176,011	42,313,145	60,675,446	6,101,016	47,784,745	32,666,540	251,710	25,322,019	215,290,632
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Interest expense	279,916	23,410,073	26,236,634	-	39,442,258	-	-	-	89,368,881
Payments to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	65,886,364	-	-	65,886,364
Provision for uncollectible loans	-	16,624	-	(1,446,121)	-	8,947,465	-	(1,285,112)	6,232,856
General and administrative	1,283	1,428,611	1,984,925	2,245,349	8,342,487	8,512,007	308,720	21,663,753	44,487,135
Total operating expenses	281,199	24,855,308	28,221,559	799,228	47,784,745	83,345,836	308,720	20,378,641	205,975,236
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(105,188)	17,457,837	32,453,887	5,301,788	-	(50,679,296)	(57,010)	4,943,378	9,315,396
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Federal and state program revenue	-	-	-	-	-	254,303,089	-	32,353	254,335,442
Federal and state program expense	-	-	-	-	-	(263,447,732)	-	(726,217)	(264,173,949
State documentary stamp tax revenue	-	-	-	-	-	208,944,518	-	-	208,944,518
Transfers to state agencies		-	-			(184,873,225)			(184,873,225
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		-				14,926,650		(693,864)	14,232,786
Income (Loss) before transfers	(105,188)	17,457,837	32,453,887	5,301,788	-	(35,752,646)	(57,010)	4,249,514	23,548,182
TRANSFERS FROM (TO) OTHER PROGRAMS		(10,155,524)	135,679	(13,800,000)		8,277,250		15,542,595	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(105,188)	7,302,313	32,589,566	(8,498,212)	-	(27,475,396)	(57,010)	19,792,109	23,548,182
NET POSITION									
Beginning of year (Restated, Note 2)	815,312	257,143,442	70,340,284	164,050,486		1,441,478,127	(102,142)	135,685,155	2,069,410,664
			\$ 102,929,850	\$ 155,552,274	\$ -	\$ 1,414,002,731	\$ (159,152)	\$ 155,477,264	\$ 2,092,958,846

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Restricted	Programs					
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations	Operating	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Interest received on conduit debt fund investments	\$ 281,830	\$ 40,532,788 5,669,953	\$ 32,480,269	\$-	\$ 2,841,447	\$- 15,187,907	\$-	\$- 424,968	\$ 76,136,334
Cash received from interest on loans receivable Cash received from principal payments on	-		-	-	46,783,942	, ,	-	,	68,066,770
loans receivable Cash received for federal program	-	12,014,186	-	-	252,183,611	22,353,512	-	4,739,907	291,291,216
administrative fees	-	-	-	-	-	8,031,697	-	9,689,789	17,721,486
Cash received from other revenues Cash payments for issuance of loans and	-	134,815	-	1,789,443	27,106	(78,442)	-	21,883,322	23,756,244
federal programs	-	-	-	-	(43,492,431)	(304,849,925)	-	(726,217)	(349,068,573
Interest paid on conduit debt fund bonds	(285,552)	(30,374,508)	(26,412,420)	-	(43,058,714)	-	-	-	(100,131,194
Cash payments for operating expenses	(1,283)	(2,034,060)	(1,984,925)	(2,222,928)	(8,342,487)	(9,985,926)	-	(23,691,001)	(48,262,610
Payments to other governments Net cash received from operation of	-	-	-	-	-	(65,886,364)	-	-	(65,886,364
foreclosed properties	-	-	-	- (7.072)	-	-	754	-	754
Cash receipts from (payments to) other funds	662	(324,955)	18,931	(7,873)	(132,803)	343,247		102,791	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(4,343)	25,618,219	4,101,855	(441,358)	206,809,671	(334,884,294)	754	12,423,559	(86,375,93
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from issuance of notes	-	-	-	-	1,996,141	-	-	-	1,996,14
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	-	71,995,000	-	77,340,752	-	-	-	149,335,75
Principal payments on notes	-	-	-	-	(2,908,544)	-	-	-	(2,908,54
Principal payments on bonds	(933,311)	(169,780,000)	(80,757,962)	-	(254,465,872)	-	-	-	(505,937,14
Payments on collateralized bank loan	-	(8,810,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,810,000
Transfers from (to) other programs Cash received for (used by) for federal and	-	(10,155,524)	135,679	(13,800,000)	-	8,277,250	-	15,542,595	-
state programs	-	-	-	-	-	254,303,089	-	32,353	254,335,442
State documentary stamp tax receipts	-	-	-	-	-	204,532,846	-	-	204,532,846
Transfers to state agencies						(184,873,225)			(184,873,225
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(933,311)	(188,745,524)	(8,627,283)	(13,800,000)	(178,037,523)	282,239,960		15,574,948	(92,328,73
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Purchases of investments Proceeds from the sale and maturity	-	(742,490,022)	(396,892,926)	(4,547,523)	(121,177,641)	(314,561,889)	(41,187)	(146,398,671)	(1,726,109,85
of investments Interest received on investments	947,802	869,187,662	358,787,146	16,606,434 2,202,781	59,338,282	360,360,203 2,957,329	39,979 910	116,915,415 1,983,955	1,782,182,92 7,144,97
				· · · · ·		· · · ·		· · · · ·	· · · ·
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	947,802	126,697,640	(38,105,780)	14,261,692	(61,839,359)	48,755,643	(298)	(27,499,301)	63,218,039
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	10,148	(36,429,665)	(42,631,208)	20,334	(33,067,211)	(3,888,691)	456	499,206	(115,486,631
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS									
Beginning of year	842,554	121,139,658	87,481,939	345,393	106,678,230	91,499,416	12,625	1,234,669	409,234,484
	\$ 852,702	\$ 84,709,993							

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM CASH FLOWS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Restricted	Programs					
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations	Operating	2014
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LO TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	DSS)								
Operating income (loss)	\$ (105,188)) \$ 17,457,837	\$ 32,453,887	\$ 5,301,788	\$-	\$ (50,679,296)	\$ (57,010)	\$ 4,943,378	\$ 9,315,396
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities									
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments	100,074	6,065,193	(27,833,532)	(1,819,195)	(1,736,010)	(1,425,614)	(354)	(993,629)	(27,643,067
Provision for loan losses	-	16,624	-	(1,446,121)	-	8,947,465	-	(1,285,112)	6,232,856
Amortization and depreciation	-	(5,373,888)	(1,037,075)	(1,932,719)	-	(253,103)	(74)	(2,739,223)	(11,336,082
Interest received on investments	-	-	-	(2,202,781)	-	(2,957,329)	(910)	(1,983,955)	(7,144,975
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash									
Interest receivable on investments	5,745	658,189	(112,807)	(144,808)	73,347	53,615	-	(59,485)	473,796
Interest receivable on loans	-	60,153	-	-	3,530,413	180,291	-	-	3,770,85
Loans receivable	-	12,014,186	-	-	178,153,744	(287,619,651)	-	4,013,690	(93,438,03
Other assets	-	(260)	-	-	-	(55,857)	(1,294)	1,573,374	1,515,96
Accounts payable and other liabilities	-	(605,187)	-	22,421	-	(1,418,062)	60,396	(1,964,501)	(3,904,933
Accrued interest payable	(5,636)) (4,349,673)	612,451	-	(3,616,456)	-	-	-	(7,359,31
Unearned fee income	-	-	-	1,787,930	-	-	-	10,487,867	12,275,79
Due to developers	-	-	-	-	30,537,436	-	-	328,364	30,865,80
Interfund receivable (payable)	662	(324,955)	18,931	(7,873)	(132,803)	343,247	·	102,791	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY)									
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (4,343)	\$ 25,618,219	\$ 4,101,855	\$ (441,358)	\$ 206,809,671	\$ (334,884,294)	\$ 754	\$ 12,423,559	\$ (86,375,93

(This page is intentionally left blank)

COMPLIANCE SECTION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Housing Finance Agencies (HFA) Risk Sharing		14.188	\$ 82,196,914
ARRA – Tax Credit Assistance Program		14.258	101,134,952
HOME Investment Partnerships Program		14.239	8,837,515
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			192,169,381
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
Passed through NeighborWorks America National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling Program	PL110-289: 95X1350	21.000	821,753
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			821,753
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
State Energy Program		81.041	3,458
Total U.S. Department of Energy			3,458
TOTAL			\$ 192,994,592

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing) and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

2. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCIES (HFA) RISK SHARING – CFDA # 14.188

On November 9, 1994, Florida Housing and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) entered into a Risk Sharing Agreement providing for HUD's assumption, or endorsement, of 50% of the post-construction obligation on specific multifamily developments financed by Florida Housing or local housing finance authority bonds. Pursuant to OMB Circular A-133, the value of federal awards expended under loan and loan guarantee programs is calculated as the value of new loans made during the fiscal year plus the balance of loans from previous years for which the federal government imposes continuing compliance requirements. There were no new guarantees made during 2014. The HUD-guaranteed portions of all outstanding loans are included in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

3. ARRA – TAX CREDIT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM – CFDA # 14.258

In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) created the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP). This federal stimulus funding was directed to rental developments that had already received a Housing Credit allocation but required additional funding due to limited equity available in the housing credit market. There were \$101.1 million in TCAP loans outstanding at December 31, 2014.

4. HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM – CFDA # 14.239

Florida Housing processes loans under the HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME). New loans made during the year ended December 31, 2014 are included in the schedule of federal awards. The outstanding loan balances at December 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$356.9 million and \$356.0 million, respectively.

5. PAYMENTS TO SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, Florida Housing provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	CFDA Number	Exp	enditures
National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling Program	21.000	\$	726,218

(This page is intentionally left blank)



Ernst & Young LLP Suite 1700 390 North Orange Avenue Orlando, FL 32801-1671 Tel: +1 407 872 6600 Fax: +1 407 872 6626 ey.com

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 8, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Florida Housing's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Florida Housing's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ernst + Young LLP

June 8, 2015



Ernst & Young LLP Suite 1700 390 North Orange Avenue Orlando, FL 32801-1671 Tel: +1 407 872 6600 Fax: +1 407 872 6626 ey.com

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Florida Housing Finance Corporation's (Florida Housing's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the US Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Florida Housing's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014. Florida Housing's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Florida Housing's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Florida Housing's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Florida Housing's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Florida Housing complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Florida Housing is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Florida Housing's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ernst + Young LLP

June 8, 2015

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Section

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes X no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes X no
Federal Awards Section	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes X no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:	
Name of Federal Program	
Housing Finance Agencies (HFA) Risk Sharing	14.188
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes no

Part II – Financial Statement Findings Section

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported by Government Auditing Standards.

Part III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs Section

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported by OMB Circular A-133.

